# UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION WASHINGTON, DC 20549

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FORM 10-Q

(X) Quarterly Report Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 for the quarterly period ended September 30, 2001

( ) Transition Report Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

For the transition period from \_\_\_\_\_to \_\_\_\_to

Commission File Number: 0-22739

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Cal Dive International, Inc. (Exact Name of Registrant as Specified in its Charter)

Minnesota (State or Other Jurisdiction of Incorporation or Organization)

95-3409686 (IRS Employer Identification Number)

400 N. Sam Houston Parkway E.
Suite 400
Houston, Texas 77060
(Address of Principal Executive Offices)

(281) 618-0400 (Registrant's telephone number, Including area code)

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Indicate by check whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13(b) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or such shorter period that the Registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes [X] No  $[\ ]$ 

At November 14, 2001 there were 32,574,750 shares of common stock, no par value outstanding.

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#### PART I. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# Item 1. Financial Statements

CAL DIVE INTERNATIONAL, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (IN THOUSANDS)

```
Sept. 30, Dec.
31, 2001 2000 -
---------
   ASSETS
  (unaudited)
CURRENT ASSETS:
 Cash and cash
equivalents $
36,854 $ 44,838
Restricted Cash
 1,489 2,624
   Accounts
 receivable --
 Trade, net of
   revenue
 allowance on
 gross amounts
  billed of
  $3,153 and
$1,770 44,519
42,924 Unbilled
 6,722 1,902
  Income tax
 receivable 0
 10,014 Other
current assets
20,571 20,975 -
-----
----- Total
current assets
110,155 123,277
--------
  -----
 PROPERTY AND
  EQUIPMENT
378,121 266,102
   Less -
 Accumulated
 depreciation
   (87, 180)
(67,560) -----
 ---- 290,941
198,542 -----
-----
  --- OTHER
   ASSETS:
Goodwill 15,156
 12,878 Other
 assets, net
12,985 12,791 -
  -----$
  429,237 $
   347,488
 =========
 ========
LIABILITIES AND
SHAREHOLDERS'
EQUITY CURRENT
 LIABILITIES:
   Accounts
  payable $
31,680 $ 25,461
   Accrued
  liabilities
 18,868 21,435
 Income taxes
```

payable 0 0

Current maturities of long-term debt 1,500 0 -------- Total current liabilities 52,048 46,896 LONG-TERM DEBT 77,083 40,054 DEFERRED INCOME TAXES 48,280 38,272 DECOMMISSIONING LIABILITIES 28,668 27,541 COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY: Common stock, no par, 120,000 shares authorized, 46,204 and 45,885 shares issued and outstanding 98,707 93,838 Retained earnings 128,202 104,638 Treasury stock, 13,640 shares, at cost (3,751) (3,751) -------- Total shareholders' equity 223,158 194,725 -------- \$ 429,237 \$ 347,488 ========= ========

CAL DIVE INTERNATIONAL, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS (IN THOUSANDS, EXCEPT PER SHARE DATA)

Three Months Ended Sept. 30, ---------- 2001 2000 -----(unaudited) **NET REVENUES:** Subsea and salvage \$ 39,356 \$ 26,274 Natural gas and oil production 12,214 23,433 ----------51,570 49,707 COST OF SALES: Subsea and salvage 30,025 23,437 Natural gas and oil production 8,338 9,084 ------------**Gross profit** 13,207 17,186 SELLING AND **ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES** 4,969 5,032 ------INCOME FROM **OPERATIONS** 8,238 12,154 **NET INTEREST** EXPENSE AND OTHER 170 505 ----------INCOME BEFORE INCOME TAXES 8,068 11,649 Provision for income taxes 2,824 4,077 Minority interest 0 (114) -------------- NET INCOME \$ 5,244 \$ 7,686 ======== ========= EARNINGS PER COMMON SHARE: Basic \$ 0.16 \$ 0.24 Diluted \$ 0.16 \$ 0.24 ======== ========= WEIGHTED **AVERAGE** COMMON SHARES

CAL DIVE INTERNATIONAL, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS (IN THOUSANDS, EXCEPT PER SHARE DATA)

```
Nine Months
 Ended Sept.
30, -----
----- 2001
2000 -----
 (unaudited)
NET REVENUES:
 Subsea and
  salvage $
  103,215 $
   80,582
 Natural gas
   and oil
 production
55,623 49,135
-----
 -----
   158,838
129,717 COST
  OF SALES:
 Subsea and
   salvage
78,849 70,197
 Natural gas
   and oil
 production
27,610 23,519
-----
-----
Gross profit
52,379 36,001
 SELLING AND
ADMINISTRATIVE
  EXPENSES
15,439 14,281
 -----
 INCOME FROM
 OPERATIONS
36,940 21,720
NET INTEREST
 EXPENSE AND
OTHER 903 332
INCOME BEFORE
INCOME TAXES
36,037 21,388
Provision for
income taxes
12,613 7,486
  Minority
  interest
(140) (658) -
--------
 -----
NET INCOME $
  23,564 $
   14,560
==========
=========
EARNINGS PER
COMMON SHARE:
Basic $ 0.73
   $ 0.46
  Diluted $
 0.71 $ 0.45
=========
=========
  WEIGHTED
```

# CAL DIVE INTERNATIONAL, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (IN THOUSANDS)

Nine Months Ended Sept. 30, --------------- 2001 2000 ----------(unaudited) CASH FLOWS FROM **OPERATING** ACTIVITIES: Net income \$ 23,564 \$ 14,560 Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities --Depreciation and amortization 27,321 22,249 Deferred income taxes 10,008 4,100 Gain on sale of property (1,201) (2,809)Minority interest in earnings (140) (658) Changes in operating assets and liabilities: Accounts receivable, net (7,137) 18,298 Other current assets 60 (5,895) Accounts payable and accrued liabilities 4,321 1,698 Income taxes payable/receivable 11,197 2,933 Other noncurrent, net (5,896) (12,672)----- Net cash provided by operating activities 62,097 41,804 -----CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING **ACTIVITIES:** Capital expenditures (115,713)(71, 178)Restricted cash 1,135 5,626 Prepayment of lease abandonment costs 0 0 Cash received in acquisition, net 0 0 Proceeds from sale of properties 1,500 3,124 Deposits restricted for salvage

operations 782 1,704 -----, \_ \_\_\_\_\_\_ Net cash used in investing activities (112, 296)(60,724) -----CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING **ACTIVITIES:** Borrowings under term loan facility 38,529 40,054 Sale of common stock, net of transaction costs 0 15,367 Exercise of stock options 3,686 1,916 ------ -----Net cash provided by financing activities 42,215 57,337 -----NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH **EQUIVALENTS** (7,984) 38,417 CASH AND CASH **EQUIVALENTS:** Balance, beginning of period 44,838 11,310 ----. Balance, end of period \$ 36,854 \$ 49,727 =========

# CAL DIVE INTERNATIONAL, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

## Note 1 - Basis of Presentation and Significant Accounting Policies

The accompanying financial statements include the accounts of Cal Dive International, Inc. (Cal Dive or the Company) and its wholly owned subsidiaries, Energy Resource Technology, Inc. (ERT) and Aquatica, Inc. All significant intercompany accounts and transactions have been eliminated. These financial statements are unaudited, have been prepared pursuant to instructions for the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q required to be filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission and do not include all information and footnotes normally included in financial statements prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

Management has reflected all adjustments (which were normal recurring adjustments) which it believes are necessary for a fair presentation of the consolidated balance sheets, results of operations, and cash flows, as applicable. Operating results for the period ended September 30, 2001, are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the year ending December 31, 2001. These financial statements should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and notes thereto included in the Company's 2000 Annual Report on Form 10-K.

### Note 2 - Recent Accounting Pronouncements

In July 2001, the FASB issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 141, Business Combinations which supersedes Accounting Principles Board (APB) Opinion No. 16, Business Combinations. SFAS 141 eliminates the pooling-of-interests method of accounting for business combinations and modifies the application of the purchase accounting method. The elimination of the pooling-of-interests method is effective for transactions initiated after June 30, 2001. The remaining provisions of SFAS 141 will be effective for transactions accounted for using the purchase method that are completed after June 30, 2001.

In July 2001, the FASB also issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 142, Goodwill and Intangible Assets which supersedes APB Opinion No. 17, Intangible Assets. SFAS 142 eliminates the current requirement to amortize goodwill and indefinite-lived intangible assets, addresses the amortization of intangible assets with a defined life and addresses the impairment testing and recognition for goodwill and intangible assets. SFAS 142 will apply to goodwill and intangible assets arising from transactions completed before and after the Statement's effective date. SFAS 142 is effective for 2002. We believe adoption of this standard will have an immaterial effect on CDI's financial position and results of operations.

In August 2001, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standards ("SFAS") No. 144, "Accounting for the Impairment or Disposal of Long-Lived Assets," which is effective for the Company beginning January 1, 2002. SFAS No. 144 supersedes SFAS No. 121, "Accounting for the Impairment of Long-Lived Assets and for Long-Lived Assets to Be Disposed Of," and the accounting and reporting provisions relating to

the disposal of a segment of a business of Accounting Principles Board Opinion No. 30. The Company does not anticipate that the adoption of SFAS No. 144 will have a material impact on its financial position or results of operations.

In July 2001, the FASB released SFAS No. 143, "Accounting for Asset Retirement Obligations," which is required to be adopted by the Company no later than January 1, 2003. SFAS No. 143 addresses the financial accounting and reporting for obligations and retirement costs related to the retirement of tangible long-lived assets. The Company is currently reviewing the provisions of SFAS No. 143 to determine the standard's impact, if any, on its financial statements upon adoption.

# Note 3 - Professional Divers Acquisition

In March, 2001, CDI acquired substantially all of the assets of Professional Divers of New Orleans, Inc. (PDNO) in exchange for \$11.5 million. The assets purchased included the Sea Level 21 (a 165-foot four-point moored DSV renamed the Mr. Sonny), three utility vessels and associated diving equipment including two saturation diving systems. This acquisition was accounted for as a purchase with the acquisition price of \$11.5 million being allocated to the assets acquired and liabilities assumed based upon their estimated fair values. The fair value of tangible asset acquired and liabilities assumed was \$8.7 million and \$0, respectively. The balance of the purchase price (\$2.8 million) was recorded as excess of cost over net assets acquired (goodwill) and is currently being amortized over its estimated remaining useful life of 25 years.

#### Note 4 - Horizon Offshore

In February, 2001, CDI formed a joint venture with Horizon Offshore, Inc. to conduct small diameter reeled pipelay projects in deepwater areas of the U.S. Gulf of Mexico. The two companies are funding the estimated \$15 million cost of pipelay equipment to be deployed from CDI's Sea Sorceress. In addition, Horizon is constructing a pipe spooling facility at its Port Arthur, Texas shore base.

In March, 2001, the two companies announced that the Alliance Agreement covering operation on the Outer Continental Shelf was extended for a three-year period. Principal features of the Alliance are that CDI provides Dive Support Vessel services behind Horizon pipelay barges while Horizon supplies pipelay, derrick barge and heavy lift capacity to Cal Dive. The Alliance was also expanded to include CDI providing the diving personnel working from Horizon barges, a service Horizon handled internally last year.

Note 5 - Business Segment Information (in thousands)

31, 2000 --- ------(unaudited) Identifiable Assets --Subsea and Salvage \$ 390,700 \$ 301,416 Natural Gas and Oil Production 38,537 46,072 ----Total \$ 429,237 \$ 347,488

Sept. 30, 2001 Dec.

# Note 6 - Acquisition of Deepwater Vessels

In May 2001, Cal Dive acquired a dynamically positioned (DP) marine construction vessel, the Mystic Viking (formerly the Bergen Viking). The 240 foot by 52 foot vessel is DP-2 class, similar to the Witch Queen. The Mystic Viking replaces the Balmoral Sea (lost last year to fire).

In October 2001, Cal Dive announced the acquisition of another DP marine construction vessel, the Eclipse (formerly the C.S. Seaspread). The 370 X 67-foot vessel is a sister ship to Coflexip Stena Offshore's Constructor and EMC's Bar Protector. She was sold out of the energy services industry into the telecom cable sector in the early 1990s. Following delivery in the first quarter of 2002, her original marine construction features will be restored by installing a saturation diving system (salvaged from the Balmoral Sea), restoring the ballast system, and upgrading the DP system to DP-2 standards. The total cost of the two vessels and related upgrades will approximate \$40 million.

# Note 7 - MARAD Debt

In August 2001, the Company drew an additional \$38.5 million on the MARAD debt taking Cal Dive's total outstanding debt on this \$138.5 million commitment to \$78.5 million (\$1.5 million of which was included in current maturities of long-term debt at September 30, 2001).

#### Note 8 - Gunnison

In October 2001, operator Kerr-Mcgee announced sanction of the Gunnison deepwater development which encompasses three Garden Banks fields. Because exploratory costs had increased to ensure field delineation, the limited partnership (the investors of which are Cal Dive senior management) which assumed the exploratory risk funded \$21.5 million of drilling costs, considerably above the initial \$15 million estimate. Now that sanction has occurred, ERT (funded by Cal Dive) will cover ensuing project development costs which are currently estimated in a range of \$100 million to \$110 million with over half of that for construction of the spar. ERT (with a corporate guarantee by Cal Dive) has received a commitment from a financial institution to provide a five-year synthetic lease (i.e., operating lease for financial reporting purposes) for construction of the spar, including an option for ERT to convert the lease into a long-term (20 year) leveraged lease after construction is completed.

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations.

#### FORWARD LOOKING STATEMENTS AND ASSUMPTIONS

This Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q includes or incorporates by reference certain statements that may be deemed "forward looking statements" under applicable law. Forward looking statements and assumptions in this Form 10-Q that are not statements of historical fact involve risks and assumptions that could cause actual results to vary materially from those predicted, including among other things, unexpected delays and operational issues associated with turnkey projects, the price of crude oil and natural gas, offshore weather conditions, change in site conditions, and capital expenditures by customers. The Company strongly encourages readers to note that some or all of the assumptions, upon which such forward looking statements are based, are beyond the Company's ability to control or estimate precisely, and may in some cases be subject to rapid and material change.

#### RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Comparison of Three Months Ended September 30, 2001 and 2000

Revenues. During the three months ended September 30, 2001, the Company's revenues increased 4% to \$51.6 million compared to \$49.7 million for the three months ended September 30, 2000. The increase was generated by the Subsea and Salvage segment as contracting revenues increased by 50% with that improvement coming in all water depths. Our DP fleet achieved 85% utilization compared to 47% in the same period a year ago, resulting in an additional \$6.0 million in revenues. Aquatica contributed an additional \$4.9 million in revenues in 2001 due in part to additional vessel capacity and to the ability to effectively manage and complete over 200 jobs in the third quarter.

Natural gas and oil production revenue for the three months ended September 30, 2001 decreased \$11.2 million, or 48%, to \$12.2 million from \$23.4 million during the comparable prior year period. The decrease was due mainly to a lower average realized natural gas price of \$2.82 per mcf versus \$4.31 during the third quarter of 2000. Realized oil prices also dropped \$5/bbl to \$25.60 during the third quarter of 2001 versus \$30.60 during the comparable prior year quarter. These decreases in price were coupled with a decline in production from 4.2 Bcfe in the third quarter of 2000 to 3.29 Bcfe during the three months ended September 30, 2001.

Gross Profit. Gross profit of \$13.2 million for the third quarter of 2001 represents a 23% decrease compared to the \$17.2 million recorded in the comparable prior year period due to the decrease in natural gas and oil production revenues and margins, which more than offset significant improvements in the Subsea and Salvage segment. Subsea and Salvage margins increased from only 10% in the third quarter of 2000 to 24% for the three months ended September 30, 2001 due primarily to improved utilization and pricing with respect to the DP fleet.

Natural gas and oil production gross profit decreased \$10.5 million, or 73%, to \$3.9 million in the third quarter of 2001 from \$14.3 million in the three months ended September 30, 2000, due to the aforementioned decreases in average gas and oil prices and production levels. Gross profit margins were 32% in the third quarter of 2001 in contrast to 61% a year ago when commodity prices were rapidly increasing.

Selling & Administrative Expenses. Selling and administrative expenses were \$5.0 million in the third quarter of 2001, which equals the \$5.0 million incurred in the third quarter of 2000 as the impact of salary increases has been offset by management's focus on decreasing all aspects of controllable costs.

Net Interest. The Company reported net interest expense and other of \$170,000 for the three months ended September 30, 2001 in contrast to \$505,000 for the three months ended September 30, 2000. The decrease between periods is due primarily to a decline in interest rates, as well as the capitalization of interest expense related to the construction of the Q4000.

Income Taxes. Income taxes decreased to \$2.8 million for the three months ended September 30, 2001 compared to \$4.1 million in the comparable prior year period due to decreased profitability.

Net Income. Net income of \$5.2 million for the three months ended September 30, 2001 was \$2.4 million, or 32%, less than the comparable period in 2000 as a result of factors described above.

Comparison of Nine Months Ended September 30, 2001 and 2000

Revenues. During the nine months ended September 30, 2001, the Company's revenues increased 22% to \$158.8 million compared to \$129.7 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2000 with the Subsea and Salvage segment contributing \$22.6 million of the increase and the Natural Gas and Oil Production segment contributing the remaining \$6.5 million increase. Aquatica revenues almost doubled to \$27.5 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2001 from \$14.5 million in the prior year period due, in part, to added capacity as a result of our acquisition of Professional Divers of New Orleans, Inc. in March 2001 and increased utility. An increase in nine month revenues from our DP fleet and saturation and surface diving of \$11.2 million more than offset a \$2.9 million decrease in salvage work, as compared to the same period a year ago.

Natural gas and oil production revenue for the nine months ended September 30, 2001 increased 13% to \$55.6 million from \$49.1 million during the comparable prior year period due to a 39% increase in average realized natural gas prices from \$3.52 per mcf during the first nine months of 2000 compared to \$4.90 per mcf during the first nine months of 2001. These increased natural gas prices more than offset a slight decrease (6%) in production from 11.8 Bcfe in the first nine months of 2000 compared to 11.1 Bcfe during the first nine months of 2001. Realized oil prices also declined (by 6%) to \$26.36/bbl for the nine months ended September 30, 2001 from \$28.03/bbl for the comparable prior year period.

Gross Profit. Gross profit of \$52.4 million for the first nine months of 2001 was 45% better than the \$36.0 million gross profit recorded in the comparable prior year period due mainly to the revenue improvement as well as a 5 point improvement in margins (33% the first nine months of 2001 versus 28% in the comparable prior year period). Subsea and Salvage margins improved from 13% for the first nine months of 2000 to 24% during the first nine months of 2001 due mainly to the increase in utilization and excellent offshore performance during the second quarter of 2001.

Natural gas and oil production gross profit increased \$2.4 million from \$25.6 million in the first nine months of 2000 to \$28.0 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2001 (despite a slight drop in margins from 52% to 50%) due to the aforementioned increase in natural gas prices in the first half of the year.

Selling & Administrative Expenses. Selling and administrative expenses were \$15.4 million in the first nine months of 2001, which is 8% more than the \$14.3 million incurred in the first nine months of 2000 due mainly to the ERT employee incentive program which tracks that subsidiary's significantly improved operating results. Such expenses were 10% of revenues in the nine month period ended September 30, 2001 versus 11% in the comparable prior year period.

Net Interest. The Company reported net interest expense and other of \$903,000 for the nine months ended September 30, 2001 in contrast to \$332,000 for the comparable period in the prior year as average cash balances (net of MARAD financing) declined during the first nine months of 2001 as compared to the first nine months of 2000 due mainly to the Company's capital spending program (Q4000 vessel construction and Sea Sorceress upgrade).

Income Taxes. Income taxes increased to \$12.6 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2001, compared to \$7.5 million in the comparable prior year period due to increased profitability.

Net Income. Net income of \$23.6 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2001 was \$9.0 million, or 62%, more than the comparable period in 2000 as a result of factors described above.

The Company has historically funded its operating activities principally from internally generated cash flow, even during industry-depressed years such as the period since 1998. The Company completed an initial public offering of common stock on July 7, 1997, with the net proceeds of approximately \$39.5 million resulting in \$15 million of cash on hand after paying off all debt outstanding. The following three years internally generated cash flow funded approximately \$164 million of capital expenditures while enabling the Company to remain essentially debt free. During the third quarter of 2000 we closed the long-term MARAD financing for construction of the Q4000 and made an initial draw of \$40.1 million on a total commitment of \$138.5 million. In August 2001, the Company drew an additional \$38.5 million on the MARAD debt taking Cal Dive's total outstanding debt to \$78.5 million (\$1.5 million of which was included in current maturities of long-term debt at September 30, 2001). Through September 30, 2001, we have funded over \$132 million of the newbuild vessel's construction costs. Significant internally generated cash flow in the first nine months of 2001, coupled with the collection of a \$10 million tax refund, enabled us to acquire the Mystic Viking (a 240 foot DP vessel) and Professional Divers of New Orleans, Inc. while maintaining cash balances of \$38.3 million as of September 30, 2001.

Operating Activities. Net cash provided by operating activities was \$62.1 million during the nine months ended September 30, 2001, as compared to \$41.8 million during the first nine months of 2000. This increase was due mainly to increased profitability and collection of a \$10 million tax refund from the Internal Revenue Service (reflected in Changes in Income Taxes Payable/Receivable) relating to the deduction of Q4000 construction costs as research and development expenditures for federal tax purposes. This was offset by a \$25.4 million decrease in funding from accounts receivable collections during the first nine months of 2001 compared to the first nine months of 2000 when we collected all amounts due on the EEX Cooper abandonment project (the largest contract ever in CDI's history) during the first quarter of 2000. In addition, depreciation and amortization increased \$5.1 million to \$27.3 million for the first nine months of 2001 due mainly to ERT depletion and to the depreciation of newly acquired vessels in service.

Investing Activities. The Company incurred \$115.7 million of capital expenditures during the first nine months of 2001 compared to \$71.2 million during the comparable prior year period. Included in the \$115.7 million of capital expenditures in the first nine months of 2001 is \$40 million for the construction of the Q4000 and \$23 million relating to the Sea Sorceress DP conversion project. In March, 2001, CDI acquired substantially all of the assets of Professional Divers of New Orleans, Inc. (PDNO) in exchange for \$11.5 million. The assets purchased included the Sea Level 21 (a 165-foot four-point moored DSV renamed the Mr. Sonny), three utility vessels and associated diving equipment including two saturation diving systems. In addition, in May 2001, Cal Dive acquired a DP marine construction vessel, the Mystic Viking (formerly the Bergen Viking) for cash. The remaining capital expenditures relate primarily to rig recompletion and exploitation work of ERT.

Included in the \$71.2 million of capital expenditures in the first nine months of 2000 was \$51 million for the construction of the Q4000. Also during the first quarter of 2000, ERT acquired interests in six offshore blocks from EEX Corporation and agreed to operate the remaining EEX properties on the Outer Continental Shelf (OCS). The acquired offshore blocks include working interests from 40% to 75% in five platforms, one caisson and 13 wells. ERT agreed to a

purchase price of \$4.9 million and assumed EEX's prorated share of the abandonment obligation for the acquired interests, and entered into a two-year contract to manage the remaining EEX operated properties. In connection with this transaction, \$8.2 million of previously restricted funds were utilized in the acquisition (these funds were obtained in late 1999 from the sale of properties qualifying as "Like-Kind Exchanges" for tax purposes).

Financing Activities. In August 2000, we closed the long-term MARAD financing for construction of the Q4000 and made an initial draw of \$40.1 million. In August 2001, the Company drew an additional \$38.5 million on the MARAD debt taking Cal Dive's total outstanding debt on this \$138.5 million commitment to \$78.5 million. In September 2000, exercise of the over-allotment option upon completion of the secondary offer of shares by Coflexip resulted in proceeds of \$15.4 million, net of transaction costs. The only other financing activity during the first nine months of 2001 and 2000 represents exercise of employee stock options.

Capital Commitments. Our Board of Directors has approved a capital budget for the year 2001 which includes approximately \$80 million associated with the Q4000 and the Sea Sorceress. In June, 2001, we reached an agreement with Amfels Shipyard to further enhance the Q4000's deepwater capabilities. This upgrade will result in additional capital expenditures of \$30 million; delivery of the Q4000 is now scheduled for the end of the first quarter of 2002. In May 2001, we acquired a DP marine construction vessel, the Mystic Viking (formerly the Bergen Viking) and in October 2001 announced the acquisition of another DP marine construction vessel, the Eclipse (formerly the C.S. Seaspread). The cost of two DP vessels and related upgrade programs is expected to approximate \$40 million.

Certain Relationships and Related Transactions. During 2000, ERT acquired a 20% working interest in the Gunnison prospect which encompasses three Garden Banks fields. Gunnison is a Deepwater project that has encountered significant potential reserves of more than 120 million barrels of oil equivalent and is in partnership with Kerr-McGee Oil & Gas Corporation, the operator with a 50% working interest, and Nexen, a 30% owner. Consistent with CDI's philosophy of avoiding exploratory risk, financing for up to \$15 million of the exploratory costs was agreed to be provided by an affiliated investment partnership (the investors of which are most of CDI senior management) in exchange for a 25% override of the ultimate produced cash flow and other proceeds from the Company's 20% working interest. Among other factors considered, the partnership's funding terms to ERT and Cal Dive were no less favorable than could have been obtained at the time from unaffiliated third parties. In October 2001, operator Kerr-McGee announced sanction of Gunnison. Because the exploratory phase had been expanded to ensure field delineation, the affiliated investment partnership funded \$21.5 million of drilling costs, considerably above the initial \$15 million estimate. ERT's share of the ensuing project development costs is estimated in a range of \$100 million to \$110 million with over half of that for construction of the spar. ERT (guaranteed by Cal Dive) has received a commitment from a financial institution to provide a five-year synthetic lease on the spar, including an option for ERT to convert the lease into a long-term (20 year) leveraged lease after construction is completed.

In connection with our business strategy, we evaluate acquisition opportunities (including additional vessels as well as interests in offshore natural gas and oil properties).

#### PART II. OTHER INFORMATION

### Item 1. Legal Proceedings

The Company is involved in various routine legal proceedings primarily involving claims for personal injury under the General Maritime Laws of the United States and Jones Act as a result of alleged negligence. In addition, the Company from time to time incurs other claims, such as contract disputes, in the normal course of business. The Company believes that the outcome of all such proceedings would not have a material adverse effect on its consolidated financial position, results of operations or net cash flows.

In 1998 the Company entered into a subcontract with Seacore Marine Contractors Limited to provide the Sea Sorceress for subsea excavation in Canada. Seacore was in turn contracted by Coflexip Stena Offshore Newfoundland Limited, a subsidiary of Coflexip ("CSO Nf1"), as representative of the consortium of companies contracted to perform services on the project. Due to difficulties with respect to the sea states and soil conditions the contract was terminated. Cal Dive provided Seacore a performance bond of \$5 million with respect to the subcontract. No call has been made on this bond. Although CSO Nfl has alleged that the Sea Sorceress was unable to adequately perform the excavation work required under the subcontract, Seacore and the Company believe the contract was wrongfully terminated and are vigorously defending this claim and seeking damages in arbitration. In another commercial dispute, EEX Corporation sued Cal Dive and others alleging breach of fiduciary duty by a former EEX employee and damages resulting from certain construction agreements. Cal Dive has responded alleging EEX Corporation breached various provisions of the same contracts and is seeking a declaratory judgment that the defendants are not liable. The Company believes that the outcome of all such proceedings is not likely to have a material adverse effect on its business or financial condition.

### Item 6. Exhibits and Reports on Form 8-K

(a) Exhibits -

None

(b) Reports on Form 8-K -

Current Report on Form 8-K filed November 3, 2001 to report the Company's 2001 third quarter financial results and its forecasted results for the quarter ending December 31, 2001.

### **SIGNATURES**

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

CAL DIVE INTERNATIONAL, INC.

Date: November 14, 2001 By: /s/ S. JAMES NELSON

Date: November 14, 2001

S. James Nelson, Vice Chairman

By: /s/ A. WADE PURSELL

A. Wade Pursell, Senior Vice President Chief Financial Officer